

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

**1.1. Product identifier**

Product form : Mixture  
Formula : Non-flammable, non-oxidizing gas mixture containing one or more of the following components:  
Hydrogen Sulfide, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Methane, Oxygen, Nitrogen.

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the substance/mixture : Calibration / Reference  
Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

PortaGas (Praxair, Inc.)  
1202 E Sam Houston Pkwy S  
Pasadena, TX 77503 - USA  
T +1 713-928-6477 - F +1 713-928-9961  
[www.praxair.com](http://www.praxair.com)

**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

Emergency number : Onsite Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633  
CHEMTREC: USA 1-800-424-9300, International 001-703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted, contract 17729)

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification (GHS-US)**

Compressed gas H280  
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

**2.2. Label elements**

**GHS-US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING  
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED  
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.  
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).  
CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.  
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.  
CGA-PG21 - Open valve slowly.  
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.  
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.  
CGA-PG11 - Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.  
CGA-PG27 - Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.

**2.3. Other hazards**

No additional information available

**2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)**

Not applicable

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.1. Substance**

Not applicable

**3.2. Mixture**

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## Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	<= 99.9999	Compressed gas, H280
Oxygen	(CAS No) 7782-44-7	0.0001 - 20.9	Ox. Gas 1, H270 Compressed gas, H280
Carbon dioxide	(CAS No) 124-38-9	0.0001 - 8.5	Compressed gas, H280
Methane	(CAS No) 74-82-8	0.0001 - 3.5	Compressed gas, H280 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Hydrogen sulfide	(CAS No) 7783-06-4	0.0001 - 1	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Liquefied gas, H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Carbon monoxide	(CAS No) 630-08-0	0.0001 - 0.0999	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Compressed gas, H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries : Effects are due to lack of oxygen. Moderate concentrations may cause headache, drowsiness, dizziness, excitation, excess salivation, vomiting, and unconsciousness. Prolonged exposure to low concentrations of carbon monoxide can kill. Inhalation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Not flammable.
- Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.
- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Other information : Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.).

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.  
Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

PTG-4001		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	20 ppm
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
Oxygen (7782-44-7)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm

Methane (74-82-8)	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

Personal protective equipment : Safety glasses. Gloves.



Eye protection : Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and body protection : Wear metatarsal shoes for container handling. Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: Rotten eggs
Odor threshold	: > 3 ppm Hydrogen Sulfide
pH	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.

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Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Solubility	: Water: No data available
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure	: Inhalation
Acute toxicity	: Not classified

PTG-4001	
LD50 oral rat	≈
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.99 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	356 ppm/4h
ATE US (gases)	356.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	0.990 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.990 mg/l/4h
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	3760 ppm/1h
ATE US (gases)	1880.000 ppmV/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified

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Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
LC50 fish 1	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
LC50 fish 2	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

PTG-4001	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Methane (74-82-8)	
Persistence and degradability	The substance is biodegradable. Unlikely to persist.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

PTG-4001	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)	
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Log Pow	0.83
Log Kow	Not applicable.

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<b>Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
<b>Methane (74-82-8)</b>	
Log Pow	1.09
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>PTG-4001</b>	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
<b>Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)</b>	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
<b>Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)</b>	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
<b>Oxygen (7782-44-7)</b>	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
<b>Nitrogen (7727-37-9)</b>	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
<b>Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)</b>	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
<b>Methane (74-82-8)</b>	
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	: None.
Effect on the global warming	: Contains greenhouse gas(es) not covered by 842/2006/EC.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods	: Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.
Waste disposal recommendations	: Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1956
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Compressed gas, n.o.s.
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 302;305
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 314;315
DOT Symbols	: G - Identifies proper shipping name (PSN) requiring the addition of technical name(s) in parentheses following the PSN.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 306;307

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DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 75 kg  
(49 CFR 172.101 HMT, Column 9a)  
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 150 kg  
CFR 172.101 HMT, Column 9b)  
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

### Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 126  
Other information : No supplementary information available.  
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:  
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### ADR

Transport document description : UN 1956 COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Nitrogen, Hydrogen sulfide), 2.2, (E)  
Class (ADR) : 2 - Gases  
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 20  
Classification code (ADR) : 1A  
Hazard Class Labels (ADR) : 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas



Orange plates : 

Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : E  
Limited quantities (ADR) : 120ml  
Excepted quantities (ADR) : E1

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1956  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.  
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases  
Limited quantities (IMDG) : 120ml  
EmS-No. (1) : F-C  
MFAG-No : 620  
EmS-No. (2) : S-V

### Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1956  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Compressed gas, n.o.s.  
Class (IATA) : 2  
Instruction "cargo" (ICAO) : 200  
Instruction "passenger" (ICAO) : 200  
Instruction "passenger" - Limited quantities (ICAO) : FORBIDDEN  
Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure



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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

##### PTG-4001

Listed on the United States SARA Section 302  
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313  
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

##### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302  
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
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SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
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##### Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

##### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

##### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

##### Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

##### Methane (74-82-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### 15.2. International regulations

##### CANADA

##### PTG-4001

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas
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##### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
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##### Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
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##### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class C - Oxidizing Material
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##### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas
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##### Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas
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### Methane (74-82-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification

Class A - Compressed Gas  
Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas

### EU-Regulations

#### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Methane (74-82-8)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Gas 1 H220  
Ox. Gas 1 H270  
Compressed gas H280  
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas) H331  
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

No additional information available

### National regulations

#### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

#### Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

#### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

#### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

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### Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

### Methane (74-82-8)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

### 15.3. US State regulations

#### PTG-4001()

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
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U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	Yes
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U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
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U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
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#### Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

#### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# PTG-4001

## Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

### Methane (74-82-8)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 07/01/2015

Other information : When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product. Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information. The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from [www.praxair.com](http://www.praxair.com). If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044). PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Ox. Gas 1	Oxidizing gases Category 1
H220	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS
H270	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER
H280	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
H330	FATAL IF INHALED
H331	TOXIC IF INHALED
H400	VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE
H402	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.*